

## Immunisation and Additional Screening Form for CMED students

Full name (Block letters) :					
NRIC no.	/ FIN : _	Sex: D	ate of birth:	Handphone	no:
Please bring along all available immunisation records for the information required below.					
1. I	Measles, r	numps, rubella (MMR) vaccin	ation <sup>+</sup>		
	Dose	Date of MMR vaccination			
	1				
	2				
(	OR, if you received MMR as individual vaccines, or you have serological proof of immunity:				
	Dose	Date of Measles vaccination	OR	Measles antibody level:	
	1			Date:	
	2				
		I			
	Dose	Date of Mumps vaccination	OR	Mumps antibody level:	
	1			Date:	
	2			Date.	
	2				
			OR		
	Dose	Date of Rubella vaccination		Rubella antibody level:	
	1			Date:	
2. (	Chickenpo	x vaccination <sup>#</sup>			
	Dose	Date of chickenpox vaccination	OR	Proof of chickenpox immunity	
	1	•		Varicella IgG level:	
	2			Date:	
3. I	Diphtheria Dose 1	a, Pertussis & Tetanus (Tdap) N Date of last Tdap vaccination	vaccination*		
4. <b>I</b>	Hepatitis B vaccination & screening test				
	Dose	Date of Hepatitis B vaccination		Date of additional Hepatitis B bo	ooster / vaccination
	1				
	2				
	3				
ŝ	HBs Ag: Anti-HBs antibody: Date:   Students with HBs Ab < 10 mIU/ml will need further Hepatitis B immunisation followed by repeat				
		C 4 4 A			
	Hepatitis C test^			_	
ŀ	۹nti-HCV ا	gG test:		Date:	
	<b>HIV test</b> Anti-HIV ar	ntibody:	Date:	Date:	
-	Physician's Signature, Name & Professional Qualification				

## Notes:

<sup>+</sup> All CMED students must receive 2 doses of Measles, Mumps & Rubella (MMR) vaccine, or separate measles, mumps and rubella vaccine or, are able to demonstrate serological proof of immunity.

<sup>#</sup> Chickenpox vaccination is given in two doses, at least four weeks apart.

\* Last dose of Diphtheria, Pertussis & Tetanus (Tdap) vaccine is usually given at age 11-12 in Singapore. Documented proof of vaccination with Tdap or Td within the last 10 years is acceptable as evidence of immunity. If vaccination was more than 10 years ago, a booster dose of Tdap is required.

^ Positive serology (anti-HCV IgG positive) must be followed up by HCV RNA test. Individuals who test anti-HCV IgG positive but HCV RNA test negative can be considered to be non-carriers. They need to obtain a medical report from their certifying physician that they have cleared their Hepatitis C infection.