	About us Advertise with us Contact us			in 🤁 🛩 🔊			
	Search						
	Login Subscribe Free Email Sign-up						
NEW FOOD U.S.	NEWS	ARTICLES~	MAGAZINE	WHITEPAPERS / APP NOTES	WEBINARS	VIDEOS	PODCASTS
CONTENT HUBS	EVENTS~						
QA/QC REGS & LEGS SUSTAINABILITY							

NEWS

A sustainable substitute for palm oil has been created by scientists

Scientists have produced oils from microalgae that could be a sustainable replacement for palm oil in food production.



A team of scientists led by Nanyang Technological University (NTU), Singapore has developed a method to effectively produce and extract plantbased oils from a type of common microalgae.

As the oils produced from the microalgae are edible and have superior properties to those found in palm oil, the newly discovered method would



Nanyang Technological University (NTU)

RELATED PEOPLE

serve as a healthier and greener alternative to palm oil, according to the research study published in Journal of Applied Phycology.

Compared to palm oil, the oil derived from the microalgae contains more polyunsaturated fatty acids, which can help reduce 'bad' cholesterol levels in blood and lower a person's risk of heart disease and stroke, the study states. The microalgae-produced oil developed by the scientists in Singapore, in collaboration with scientists from the University of Malaya in Malaysia, is also

Food Integrity 2022 - register your interest!!

said to contain fewer saturated fatty acids.

Food Integrity will see over 1,000 food and beverage professionals come together online to explore some of the toughest questions the industry is facing and share their lessons and solutions. Topics of discussion throughout the five-day virtual event include technology, food safety and security, transparency, health, and sustainability.

We are very close to launching our conference agenda. In the meantime, you can register your interest here or use the link below, and be the first to hear about the exciting new sessions and workshops launching for 2022!

There are a limited number of free passes to professionals from Food and Beverage Manufacturers, Ingredient Suppliers, Retailers, Food and Beverage Testing Laboratories, Local Authorities and Government.

Register your interest

REGISTER NOW

Palm oil is the most widely consumed vegetable oil on the planet, found in many packaged products sold in the supermarket. While palm oil is the most efficient source of vegetable oil, its rapid expansion threatens some of the planet's most important and sensitive habitats. The algae oil innovation could present a possible alternative that can stop the damage.

"Developing these plant-based oils from algae is yet another triumph for NTU Singapore, as we look to find successful ways to tackle problems in the agrifoodtech chain, especially those that have an adverse impact on the environment," said Professor William Chen, Director of NTU's Food Science and Technology (FST) Programme, and leader of the project. "Uncovering this as a potential human food source is an opportunity to lessen the impact the food supply chain has on our planet."

Besides serving as a greener alternative to cultivating palm trees for plantbased oils or fat, the NTU-developed technique also has the potential to help cut down on greenhouse gas emissions as well as food waste. University of Malaya, William Chen The scientists say that when scaled up, the production of the plant-based oils with natural sunlight, instead of using ultraviolet lights, would help remove carbon dioxide from the atmosphere by converting it to biomass and oxygen via photosynthesis. As the microalgae grows, it changes carbon dioxide to biomass at relatively fast rates.

In a separate study, the scientists at NTU's Food Science and Technology programme have also developed a process to produce the key reaction ingredient needed to cultivate the microalgae oil, pyruvic acid. This is done by fermenting organic waste products, such as soybean residues and fruit peels, which would not only reduce production costs, but help cut down on food waste.

"We rely on one of nature's key processes, fermentation, to convert organic matter into nutrient-rich solutions, which could be used to cultivate algae, which not only reduces our reliance on palm oil, but keeps carbon out of the atmosphere," added Professor Chen.

The scientists will be working on optimising their extraction methods to improve yield and quality. The research team has received interest from several food and beverage partners and may look at the possibility of scaling up their operations and continuing their research into this development.

Most popular...

Ukraine crisis will bring turmoil to wheat and sunflower oil supply chains

What are people snacking on in 2022?

Allergen-free ice cream created in California

New launches in the food and beverage industry: March 2022

What are health conscious consumers looking for in 2022?



Read the latest issue

All subscriptions include online membership, giving you access to the journal and exclusive content.

SUBSCRIBE TODAY