



# In the future, electric car batteries can be made from tamarind shells.

#### **Gustavo Minari**

Wed., July 21, 2021 5:21 AM · 3 minutes of reading

Many people have heard that tamarind is a great antioxidant and anti-inflammatory, that its pulp is rich in vitamins A, C and E or that the fruit from Africa has an acidic and sweet taste at the same time. Now, scientists at Nanyang Technological University in Singapore have managed to prove that it is possible to turn tamarind husks into an energy source for electric vehicles.

- "Gravity storage" could be a solution for renewable energy
- Concrete battery made in Sweden is rechargeable and shows promise
- Researchers want to make the creation of batteries using manganese and titanium cheaper

By processing the carbon-rich fruit rinds, the researchers transformed the waste material into carbon nanosheets that can be used in the manufacture of supercapacitors — devices used by industry to build electricity storage cells.

"Through a series of analyses, we found that the performance of our tamarind shell-derived nanosheets was comparable to their industrially made counterparts, with a porous structure and electrochemical properties. The process for making the nanosheets is also the standard method for produce active carbon nanosheets," explains professor of electrical engineering Steve Cuong Dang, who led the study.

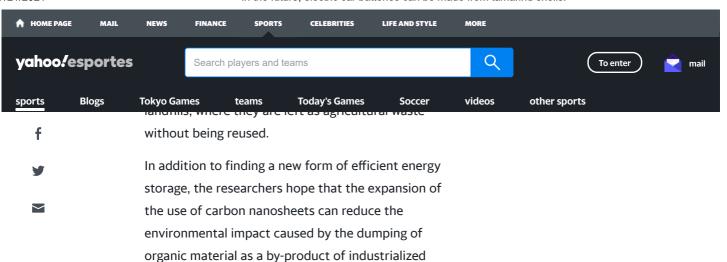
#### reducing waste

### **POPULAR**

São Paulo swallowed Racing and awaits
Palmeiras for two giant classics

Vitória beats Ponte Preta and leaves the Serie B relegation zone

- 5 highlights of São Paulo's victory over Racing, by Conmebol Libertadores
- 4. Double attack works, São Paulo beat Racing and waits for Palmeiras in the quarterfinals of the Libertadores
- WHO calls for victory "in race against virus" at IOC session



"The use of tamarind husks can reduce the amount of space needed to dispose of waste in landfills, especially in regions in Asia such as India, one of the world's largest producers of tamarind and which also faces final disposal problems", he recalls physics professor G. Ravi, co-author of the study.

food manufacturing processes.

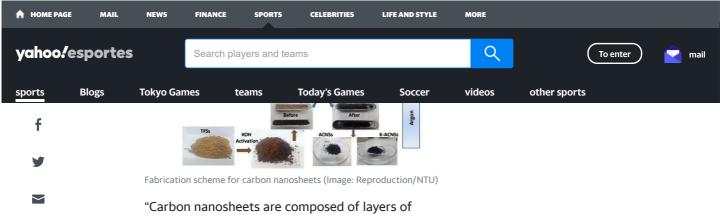


Professor Steve Dang and the tamarind shells used in the manufacture of carbon nanosheets (Image: Reproduction/NTU)

### **Success recipe**

To create the carbon nanosheets, scientists washed and dried the tamarind husks at 100 °C for about six hours. Dehydrated, they were ground and made into a powder that was baked in a furnace for two and a half hours at a temperature between 700 and 900 °C.

With this process that eliminates oxygen, the researchers were able to convert the material into ultra-thin sheets of carbon. As tamarind husks are porous and rich in this element by nature, they are ideal for the manufacture of these ultra-thin sheets with good thermal stability and electrical conductivity.



"Carbon nanosheets are composed of layers of carbon atoms arranged in interconnected hexagons, like a honeycomb. The secret behind its energy storage capabilities is its porous structure, which has a large surface area and helps the material to store large amounts of electrical charges," adds Dhayalan Velauthapillai, head of the advanced nanomaterials research group for clean energy and health applications from the Norwegian Western Norway University of Applied Sciences, which also participated in the study.

The idea now is to expand studies to increase the production of carbon nanosheets in partnership with agricultural producers, in addition to reducing the energy needed in the manufacturing process, making it more ecological. In the future, the team also plans to explore different types of fruit skins to build cheaper and more efficient energy storage devices.

Source: Canaltech

## Trending at Canaltech:

- Who owns the 7 keys of the Internet and what are their powers?
- Former WhatsApp employees launch messaging app with a focus on privacy
- The 10 most pirated movies of the week (7/18/2021)
- 27 apps and games temporarily free for Android this Tuesday (20)
- Kwai and TikTok Monetization is not very transparent and can "trick" the user