New S$40m plant converts NTU’s waste into power and building materials

Singapore

A NEW incineration facility in Tuas South will turn all the rubbish collected from Nanyang Technological University (NTU) into valuable resources like electricity and construction materials.

Launched on Monday by Minister for the Environment and Water Resources Masagos Zulkifli, the S$40 million facility is supported by the National Research Foundation, National Environment Agency, Economic Development Board, and NTU.

Over 11 tonnes of rubbish a day can be processed at the plant. Waste materials are shredded, dried, and converted into gas and other useful by-products. This process is called gasification, where organic or fossil fuel-based materials are converted into carbon monoxide, hydrogen and carbon dioxide. As the waste is mixed with biomass charcoal, the furnace turns up the heat to 1,600 degrees Celsius. In comparison, conventional mass burn incinerators operate at around 850 degrees Celsius.

The plant may one day be used to process medical and hazardous waste as its ability to burn at high temperatures makes it capable of killing harmful pathogens. These same high temperatures convert rubbish to synthetic gas, or syngas, which is mostly composed of carbon monoxide and hydrogen.

Syngas can be used to produce electricity, and converted into liquid fuel as well. The remaining rubbish is converted into recyclable metal alloys and slag—a glass-like material that can be used as a replacement for sand and concrete.

Mr Masagos said: "The facility incorporates various plug-and-play features to facilitate test-bedding different aspects of gasification technology. It also provides hands-on education and practical training that will help grow our local expertise in waste-to-energy processes. "To minimise the amount of waste headed for the incineration plants, we have gone one step further. We will recover value from ash or treated waste to optimise our remaining landfill, and keep it open as long as we can."