Science ize

S'pore-German trio wins **US Defence Department** contest with its algorithm

By FENG ZENGKUN

A JOINT Singapore-German team from three uni-versities has won a US\$1 million (S\$1.25 million) cash prize from the United States Department of Defence for their ground-breaking work which can be used to fight bio-terrorism.

The team, which beat more than 2,700 people around the world, has developed a computer algorithm that enables the fastest and most accurate way to identify traces of biological weapons in hu

man clinical samples.

It comprises two scientists from the Singapore Centre on Environmental Life Sciences Engineering (Scelse), which is a partnership between Nanyang Technological University and the National University of Singapore, and a graduate student from Ger-many's University of Tuebingen, the two local uni-

versities announced in statement joint

on Tuesday.

The US Defence Depart-ment's Defence Threat Reduction Depart-Agency launched a competition in January to crowd-source computer algorithms to di-agnose "known, emerging or engineered patho-gens" in clinical samples. Patho-gens are viruses or other microorganisms that can cause diseases.

It said America's enemies could focus on ac quiring biological and chemical weapons instead of

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- Dr Xie Chao of the Singapore Centre on Environmental Life Sciences Engineering

the more sophisticated and complex nuclear

weapons. Scelse's Dr Xie Chao said his team's algorithm ace chaos said his team's algorithm can identify the quantities and genes of known bacteria in samples with more than 90 per cent accuracy, and within five minutes. It can also be used to flag unknown bacteria strains. The scientists plan continue working on the algorithm and said it to

might even be used for medical research.

"If a doctor wants to identify what bacteria is causing an infection, for example, you could use the algorithm to identify all of the bacteria in a clinical sample in a very short time," he said.